## **LISTING OF CLAIMS:**

1. (Withdrawn) A kit for screening molecules having an anti-prion activity, comprising:

a yeast of phenotype;

an antibiogram; and

a prion curing agent in a sub-effective dose, wherein the yeast has the *adel-* 14 allele of the *ADE1* gene and an inactivated *ERG6* gene.

- 2. (Withdrawn) The kit of claim 1, wherein the yeast is *Saccharomyces* cerevisiae.
- 3. (Withdrawn) The kit of claim 1, wherein the prion curing agent is guanidium chloride.
- 4. (Withdrawn) A method for screening molecules having anti-prion activity, the method comprising:
- a. producing *in vitro* a lawn of cells on a medium containing a subeffective dose of a prion curing agent;
- b. contacting the cells with a test compound according to the antibiogram method;
- c. incubating the cells for approximately 2-4 days at approximately 20-25°C; and

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- d. evaluating the staining of the cell colonies, wherein the cells comprise yeasts of [PSI+] phenotype having the *adel-14* allele of the *ADE1* gene and an inactivated *ERG6* gene.
- 5. (Withdrawn) The screening method of claim 4, wherein the yeast is Saccharomyces cerevisiae.
- 6. (Withdrawn) The screening method of claim 4, wherein the curing agent is guanidium chloride.
- 7. (Withdrawn) The screening method of claim 4 further comprising:
  - e. incubating for approximately 2-4 days at approximately 2-6°C; and/or
  - f. carrying out a secondary screening test.
- 8. (Withdrawn) The screening method of claim 7, wherein the secondary screening test comprises:

constructing a strain of yeast in which the *ADE2* gene is under the control of the *DAL5* gene promoter;

producing *in vitro* a lawn of cells on a medium containing a sub-effective dose of a prion curing agent;

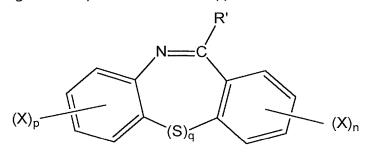
contacting the cells with a test compound according to the antibiogram method;

incubating the cells for approximately 2-4 days at approximately 20-25°C; evaluating the staining of the cell colonies; and incubating for approximately 2-4 days at approximately 2-6°C.

- 9. (Cancelled)
- 10. (Cancelled)

## 11. (Withdrawn) A method for treating neurodegenerative diseases involving protein aggregates, the method comprising:

administering the compound of formula (I)



(1)

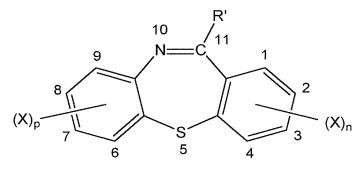
wherein R' is an H, NH<sub>2</sub>, or NHR<sup>2</sup> group, wherein R<sup>2</sup> is an alkyl or alkylaminoalkyl chain with 1 to 10 carbon atoms, branched or unbranched,

X represents F, Cl, Br, I, CF<sub>3</sub>, SCH<sub>3</sub>, OCH<sub>3</sub>, OH, NO<sub>2</sub>, COCH<sub>3</sub>, CONH<sub>2</sub>, COOH, or COOR<sup>3</sup>, where R<sup>3</sup> is an alkyl group with 1 to 4 carbon atoms,

p and n, identical or different, are equal to 0, 1 or 2, q is equal to 0 or 1.

12. (Withdrawn) A method for treating neurodegenerative diseases involving protein aggregates, the method comprising:

administering the compound of formula (III)



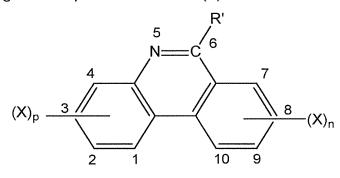
(III)

wherein R' represents an H, NH<sub>2</sub>, NH-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>-N(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, NH-CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)- or  $(CH_2)_3$ -N(CH<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub> group,

X represents F, Cl, or  $CF_3$ , p and n, identical or different, are equal to 0, 1 or 2.

13. (Withdrawn) A method for treating neurodegenerative diseases involving protein aggregates, the method comprising:

administering the compound of formula (II)



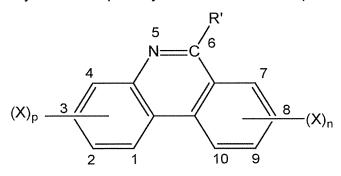
(II)

wherein R' represents an H, NH<sub>2</sub>, NH-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>-N(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, NH-CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>- or N(CH<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub> group,

X represents F, CI, or CF<sub>3</sub>,

p and n, identical or different, are equal to 0, 1 or 2.

- 14. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 13
  wherein R' represents an NH<sub>2</sub> group,
  X represents F, Cl, or CF<sub>3</sub>,
  p and n, identical or different, are equal to 0, 1 or 2.
- 15. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 11, wherein the neurodegenerative diseases include: spongiform encephalopathies, Alzheimer's disease, and Huntington's disease.
- 16. (Previously Presented) A pharmaceutical composition comprising: a therapeutically effective quantity of at least one compound of formula (II)



(II)

wherein R' represents an H, NH<sub>2</sub>, NH-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>-N(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, NH-CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)- or  $(CH_2)_3$ -N(CH<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub> group,

X represents F, Cl, or CF<sub>3</sub>,

p and n, identical or different, are equal to 0, 1 or 2,

in combination with at least one pharmaceutically acceptable vehicle.

- 17. (Currently amended) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 16 wherein in the compound of formula (II), R' represents an NH<sub>2</sub> group, X represents F, Cl, or CF<sub>3</sub>, p and n, identical or different, are equal to 0, 1 or 2.
- 18. (New) A method of treatment comprising the administration to a patient in need thereof a therapeutically effective dose of a pharmaceutical composition of claim 16.

- 19. (New) The method of claim 18, wherein the pharmaceutical composition is administered to a patient suffering from a neurodegenerative disease.
- 20. (New) A method of treatment comprising the administration to a patient in need thereof of a therapeutically effective dose of a pharmaceutical composition of claim 17.
- 21. (New) The method of claim 20, wherein the pharmaceutical composition is administered to a patient suffering from a neurodegenerative disease.